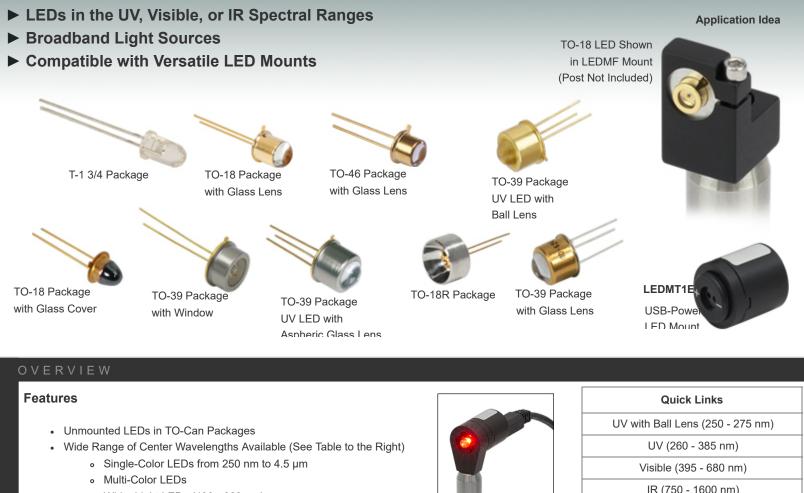




# LED4300W - August 30, 2022

Item # LED4300W was discontinued on August 30, 2022. For informational purposes, this is a copy of the website content at that time and is valid only for the stated product.





- White Light LEDs (430 660 nm)
- + LED Output Powers Ranging from 6  $\mu W$  to 170 mW
- Select LEDs Sold in Packs of 5
- · Mounting Options (Post Mountable or SM Threaded) and LED Socket Available
- · Other LED Configurations Include Mounted LEDs, Fiber-Coupled LEDs, and Collimated LEDs (See LED Selection Guide Tab for Full List of Options)

Light-emitting diodes (LEDs) are compact, energy-efficient light sources that can emit light over a wide range of wavelengths. Thorlabs offers unmounted LEDs for center wavelengths from 250 nm to 4.5 µm. These unmounted

LEDs are available epoxy-encased in T-1 3/4 packages or in a variety of TO-can style housings, including TO-18, TO-46, TO-39, Ø9 mm, and TO-18R. A selection of the UV LEDs have ball lenses that focus the output into a narrow viewing half angle of no more than 7.5°, while the other LEDs that are in TO-can style packages are offered with flat windows, glass covers, glass lenses, or parabolic retroreflectors.

Use the Quick Links table to the right to view LEDs within a specific wavelength range. General information about each LED is provided in the tables to compare specifications. Complete specifications and a spectrum plot are provided in the spec sheets, which can be accessed by clicking on the red docs icon ( the Item # below.

Due to unmounted LEDs typically having significant divergence angles, the output light frequently needs to be focused through a lens for use within an experimental setup. Aspheric condenser lenses (available uncoated for 380 - 2100 nm or with an AR coating for 350 - 700 nm or 650 - 1050 nm) are ideal for collimating the light from our unmounted LEDs with a center wavelength from 405 nm to 1600 nm. Unmounted LEDs with center wavelengths from 1650 nm to 4500 nm feature parabolic reflectors that reduce the output divergence angle. The Characterization tab describes sample methods and equipment for characterizing the light output from the majority of LEDs offered on this page. To discuss other options, please contact Tech Support.

If you do not see an LED with the wavelength/color, optical power, or viewing angle desired, please contact Tech Support, and we will work to obtain one for you and consider adding it to our permanent offerings.

Click to Enlarge

LED630E Red LED Mounted in an LEDMT1F USB-Powered LED Mount Using an LMR05 Lens Mount

Quick Links
UV with Ball Lens (250 - 275 nm)
UV (260 - 385 nm)
Visible (395 - 680 nm)
IR (750 - 1600 nm)
MIR (1650 - 4500 nm)
Multi Color
White Light (430 - 660 nm)
USB-Powered LED Mounts
LED Mounts
LED Socket

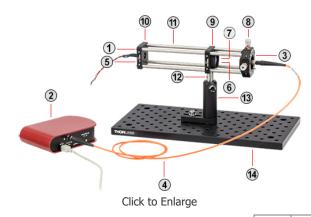
# Light-Emitting Diode (LED) Characterization Methods

Thorlabs offers the items and equipment necessary to characterize the light emission properties of the majority of LEDs sold on this page. The different specifications which may be determined using the methods and equipment below are:

- Spectral Distribution
- Full Width at Half Maximum (FWHM)
- Radial Intensity Distribution
- Half Viewing Angle
- Forward Radiated Optical Power
- Total Optical Power

### Measurement Technique for Spectral Distribution and FWHM

A CCS200(/M) Fiber-Coupled Compact Spectrometer connected to a computer can be used to measure the spectral response of LEDs in the UV\*/visible wavelength range (200 - 1000 nm; for LEDs emitting in NIR, use the OSA202C). The LED may be powered by an LD1255R Laser Diode Driver operating in constant current mode. The light from the LED is focused by an LB1761 Bi-Convex Lens, f = 25.4 mm, into a Ø50 µm core multimode fiber patch cable with SMA905 connectors attached to the spectrometer.



#	ImperialMetricItem #Item #Product Description							
		V	isible LEDs (245 nm - 940 nm)					
1		-	LED (245 nm - 940 nm) <sup>a</sup>	1				
2	CCS200	CCS200/M	Compact Spectrometer, Extended Range: 200 - 1000 nm	1				
3	SM	SM1SMA SMA Fiber Adapter Plate						
4	M	14L01	Ø50 µm, SMA905 Fiber Patch Cable	1				
		I	NIR LEDs (635 nm - 1650 nm)					
1		-	LED (635 nm - 1650 nm) <sup>a</sup>	1				
<b>2</b> <sup>b</sup>	OS	A202C	Optical Spectrum Analyzer, Wavelength Range: 600 - 1700 nm	1				
3	SI	M1FC	FC/PC Fiber Adapter Plate	1				
4	M	42L01	Ø50 µm, FC/PC Fiber Patch Cable	1				
			General					
5	SOS	S05LEDM SM05 LED Mount						
6	LE	31676	N-BK7 Bi-Convex Lens, Ø1", f = 100.0 mm	1				
7	SN	/1L03	SM1 Lens Tube, 0.3" Thread Depth	1				
8	C	XY1	XY Translating Lens Mount for Ø1" Optics	1				
9	CP33	CP33/M	SM1-Threaded 30 mm Cage Plate	1				
10	CP32	CP32/M	SM05-Threaded 30 mm Cage Plate	1				
11	EF	R8-P4	Cage Assembly Rods, 8" Long, Ø6 mm, 4 Pack	1				
12	TR2	TR50/M	Ø1/2" x 2" (50 mm) Stainless Steel Optical Post	1				
13	UPH3	UPH75/M	Universal Post Holder, 3" (75 mm)	1				
14	MB612	MB1530/M	Aluminum Breadboard, 6" x 12" (150 mm x 300 mm)	1				
15	HW-KIT2	HW-KIT2/M	1/4"-20 (M6) Cap Screw and Hardware Kit	1				

a. The wire connected to the LED is for illustrative purposes only, and electrical connections must be made by the user. LEDs also require a separate power supply or driver. Thorlabs

offers compatible LD1255R and DC2200 Drivers.

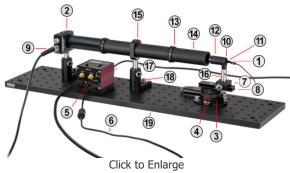
b. Please note that the CCS200 is shown in the photo to the left.

\*Please note that the CCS200 spectrometer cannot be amplitude calibrated below 380 nm. When performing broadband power measurements, a large difference in the relative response of the system from the UV to the visible inhibits reliable power readings in the UV.

#### Measurement Technique for Radial Intensity Distribution and the Half Viewing Angle

To make a measurement of the intensity pattern as a function of angle, the LED can be rotated on an axis perpendicular to the axis along which the emitted light intensity is the greatest. Goniometric rotation of the LED is achieved by mounting the LED on a post attached to a Motorized Rotation Stage so that the rotation axis goes through the light emitting surface of the LED. The stage is controlled by a brushed DC servo motor, such as our KDC101, while the LED is powered by an LD1255R Laser Diode Driver. The radiated light is detected using either a Si or Ge Photodetector, DET36A2 or DET30B2 respectively, located approximately 12 inches from the LED. The S05LEDM LED Mount is recessed within the SM05M10 Lens Tube such that the front of the LED is centered above the center of the rotation stage. To keep stray or scattered light from hitting the detector, SM1 Lens Tubes are attached to the detector that extends to just short of the LED. Two SM1D12C Iris Apertures are placed along the path from the LED to the detector. The iris closer to the LED has an aperture diameter of 10 mm while the aperture nearest the detector has a diameter of 3 mm.

As the LED rotates, the output of the photodiode detector, which is proportional to the light intensity, is recorded for each angular position using a data acquisition card. The LED is rotated from +90° to -90°, where 0° approximately corresponds to when the axis of maximum intensity is parallel to the detector axis. The half viewing angle specification is determined by the angle that corresponds to a 50% drop from the maximum detector output.



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#	Imperial Item #	Metric Item #	Product Description	Qty.	
	1		Visible LEDs (365 nm - 1070 nm)		
1		-	LED (365 nm - 1070 nm) <sup>a</sup>	1	
2	DE	T36A2	Silicon Photodetector Wavelength Range: 350 - 1100 nm	1	
			NIR LEDs (850 nm - 1750 nm)		
1		-	LED (850 nm - 1750 nm) <sup>a</sup>	1	
2	DET30B2		Germanium Photodetector Wavelength Range: 800 - 1800 nm	1	
			General		
3		-	Motorized Rotation Stage	1	
4	CR1A	CR1A/M	CR1 Adapter Plate	1	
5	KE	C101	K-Cube™ DC Servo Motor Controller	1	
6	KPS201 <sup>b</sup>		15 V Power Supply for One K- or T-Cube™	1	
7	F	RC1	Rail Carrier, 1" x 1"	1	
8	RLA0300	RLA075/M	Dovetail Optical Rail, 3" (75 mm)	1	
9	224	2249-C-36 BNC Coaxial Cable, BNC Male to BNC Male		1	
10	LMR05S	LMR05S/M	Ø1/2" Lens Mount with Internal and External SM05 Threads	1	
11	S05	5LEDM	SM05 LED Mount	1	
12	SM	05M10	SM05 Lens Tube without External Threads, 1" Long	1	
13	SM	1D12C	Graduated, Ring-Activated SM1 Iris Diaphragm	2	
14	SN	/1L30	SM1 Lens Tube, 3" Thread Depth	4	
15	SM1RC	SM1RC/M	SM1 Series Slim Lens Tube Slip Ring	1	
16	TR1	TR30/M	Ø1/2" x 1" (30 mm) Stainless Steel Optical Post	1	
17	TR2	TR50/M	Ø1/2" x 2" (50 mm) Stainless Steel Optical Post	2	
18	UPH2	UPH2 UPH50/M Universal Post Holder, 2" (50 mm)			
19	MB624	MB1560/M	Aluminum Breadboard, 6" x 24" (150 mm x 600 mm)	1	
20	HW-KIT2	HW-KIT2/M	1/4"-20 (M6) Cap Screw and Hardware Kit	1	

a. The wire connected to the LED is for illustrative purposes only, and electrical connections must be made by the user. LEDs also require a separate power supply or driver. Thorlabs offers compatible LD1255R and DC2200 Drivers.

b. The photo to the left shows a previous-generation KPS101 Power Supply.

# Measurement Technique for Determining the Forward Radiated Optical Power

The total forward radiated power of the LED can be measured using a PM400 Power and Energy Meter with an S120VC Power Sensor (for UV/visible wavelength LEDs) or S122C Power Sensor (for NIR LEDs). See the picture below.



Click to Enlarge

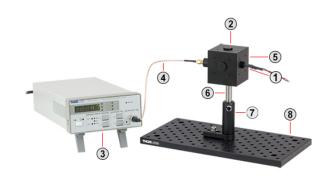
#	Imperial Item #	Metric Item #	Product Description	Qty.						
			Visible LEDs (245 nm - 1070 nm)							
1		-	LED (245 nm - 1070 nm) <sup>a</sup>	1						
2	S1	20VC	Photodiode Power Sensor, Si Wavelength Range: 200 - 1100 nm	1						
NIR LEDs (780 nm - 1750 nm)										
1		- LED (780 nm - 1750 nm) <sup>a</sup>								
2	S	S122C Photodiode Power Sensor, Ge Wavelength Range: 700 - 1800 nm								
			General							
3	PI	M400	Touch Screen Power and Energy Meter	1						
4	LMR05S	MR05S LMR05S/M Ø1/2" Lens Mount with Internal and External SM05 Threads								
5	S05	5LEDM	SM05 LED Mount	1						

#	Imperial Metric Item # Item #		Product Description	Qty.
6	SM05M10		SM05 Lens Tube without External Threads, 1" Long	1
7	SM1A1		Adapter with External SM05 Threads and Internal SM1 Threads	1
8	SM1L05		SM1 Lens Tube, 0.5" Thread Depth	1
9	TR2	TR50/M	Ø1/2" x 2" (50 mm) Stainless Steel Optical Post	2
10	UPH3	UPH75/M	Universal Post Holder, 3" (75 mm)	2
11	MB612 MB1530/M		Aluminum Breadboard, 6" x 12" (150 mm x 300 mm)	1
12	HW-KIT2	HW-KIT2/M	1/4"-20 (M6) Cap Screw and Hardware Kit	1

a. The wire connected to the LED is for illustrative purposes only, and electrical connections must be made by the user. LEDs also require a separate power supply or driver. Thorlabs offers compatible LD1255R and DC2200 Drivers.

# Measurement Technique for Determining the Total Optical Power

The total optical output power of an LED can be measured using an integrating sphere. The radiated light is detected using either a Silicon (for UV or visible wavelength LEDs) or InGaAs (for NIR LEDs) Photodiode and Integrating Sphere, such as the IS200 with SM05PD2A or IS210C, respectively. The sphere may be calibrated with a laser source such as the Thorlabs CPS635R Laser Diode Module. The output of the photodiode can be amplified and measured using our PDA200C Benchtop Photodiode Amplifier.



Click to Enlarge

#	Imperial Item #	Metric Item #	Product Description	Qty.						
	·	Vi	sible LEDs (245 nm - 1070 nm)							
1		-	LED (245 nm - 1070 nm) <sup>a</sup>	1						
2		S200Ø2" Integrating Sphere,D5PD2ASi Photodiode, Wavelength: 200 - 1100 nm								
	NIR LEDs (850 nm - 1750 nm)									
1		- LED (850 nm - 1750 nm) <sup>a</sup>								
2	IS	210C	Ø2" Integrating Sphere, InGaAs Sensor, Wavelength Range: 800 - 1800 nm	1						
			General							
3	PD	A200C	Benchtop Photodiode Amplifier	1						
4	CA	\2806	SMA Coaxial Cable, SMA to BNC	1						
5	S05	5LEDM	SM05 LED Mount	1						
6	TR2	TR50/M	Ø1/2" x 2" (50 mm), Stainless Steel Optical Post	1						
7	UPH3	UPH75/M	Universal Post Holder, 3" (75 mm)	1						
8	MB612	MB1530/M	Aluminum Breadboard, 6" x 12" (150 mm x 300 mm)	1						
9	HW-KIT2	HW-KIT2/M	1/4"-20 (M6) Cap Screw and Hardware Kit	1						

a. The wire connected to the LED is for illustrative purposes only, and electrical connections must be made by the user. LEDs also require a separate power supply or driver. Thorlabs offers compatible LD1255R and DC2200 Drivers.

#### Do-It-Yourself USB LED

A Universal Serial Bus (USB) port can be used to quickly power many of the Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs) on this page for temporary use. USB ports are used in a variety of applications like charging batteries and transferring data; they are commonly found on computers, but they are increasingly found on other electronic devices, and even incorporated into wall outlets. This tab presents a step-by-step tutorial to take advantage of this port in order to power an LED. Take note of the spec sheet for the LED being used; if its Typical Forward Voltage is listed higher than 5 V, the LED will not be able to be powered by a USB port (this is explained using Equation 2 below). Spec sheets can be downloaded by clicking on the ( ) icon next to desired item.

2. Prepare Heat

Shrink

heat shrink tubing will be

utilized, place a length of

two inches down the wire

for later.

5. Prepare

Connections



A LED630L being powered by the USB port in a laptop.

#### **Example Application**

It is possible to create a continuous lighting setup using an LED525L from the Thorlabs catalog, powered by a USB port. A 100 Ohm resistor should be used for this system. For an explanation on how this was determined, see Equations 3 and 4 below.

#### Warning

This tutorial contains instructions that require the creation of an electrical circuit, including the use of a soldering iron. Please be advised that the user is fully responsible for following proper practices with regards to creating an electric circuit when following this procedure. For other LED power solutions, visit our selection of current controllers for LEDs

#### 1. Prepare Wire



chosen USB wire is repurposed with two ends, unplug both ends and cut off the non-Type A Male end, leaving as much slack on the Type A Male end as possible using Wire Cutters.

# Procedure (Click Images for Details)

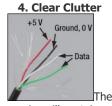


the outer plastic about two inches from the end, being careful not to cut too far into the wire.



Cut resi away an inch of the red wire, any exposed end shielding, and the white wire and green wires down to the main wire's remaining outer plastic while red stripping the Red and Black wires to give enough room for a solder joint.

Solder one end of the resistor (resistors are bidirectional, either end will do) to the red wire. The end of the resistor's lead and the black wire should be roughly the same length.



wire will contain shielding and four smaller wires: Red (+5 V), Black (Ground, 0 V), White and Green. The latter two wires are used for data transfer.

7. Attach LED



the positive pin on the LED, the anode, which can be found on the LED's Spec Sheet, and solder it to the resistor.

### 8. Complete the Circuit



the remaining, negative end of the LED, the cathode, to the black wire.

#### Parts List

#### Components:

- An Unmounted
   LED
- A Type-A Male Connector USB Wire with Pigtails
- A Resistor (See Choosing a
- Choosing a Resistor)
  (Optional) 5 VDC
- (Optional) 5 VDC External Battery Pack (CPS1)
- (Optional) Repurposed USB with Type-A Male Connector (USB-C-36)

#### Tools:

- Wire Strippers
- Electrical Tape
- Soldering Iron
- Solder
- Helping Hand
- (Optional) Heat Shrink Tubing
- (Optional) Heat Gun or Hair Dryer



Thorlabs offers the AFS900, an adjustable stripping tool.

#### 9. Insulate Connections



the solder has cooled, wrap each connection separately in a layer of electrical tape. **Warning**: Improper insolation of exposed



10. Clean Finish

wrapped wires in electrical tape, or, if heat shrink tubing was placed down the wire, slide it up over the connections, and

metal can lead to shorting of the circuit, electrical failure, or fire. slowly heat with a heat gun or hair dryer until it snugly fits over the connections.

#### **Choosing a Resistor**

USB ports can produce up to 500 mA or higher in some cases, which is too much current for most LEDs. For this reason, an LED connected directly to a USB cable will burn out within a matter of hours. Placing a resistor before the LED in the circuit will reduce the current coming from the USB port, and allow the LED to operate.

To find the best resistor for the job, start with Ohm's Law, which gives the voltage across a wire,

V=IR (Equation 1),

where *V* is Voltage, *I* is Current, and *R* is Resistance.

V here will be the difference between our voltage output from our source ( $V_s$ ), and the forward voltage of our LED ( $V_f$ ), found on the chosen LEDs spec sheet.  $V_f$  can be thought of as a threshold the current needs to overcome to get the LED to light up. Replacing the difference into Equation 1 yields

 $(V_s - V_f) = IR$  (Equation 2).

I will match the operating current for our LED, found on the chosen LEDs spec sheet; rearranging the equation for R yields

#### Choose the resistor that is the closest match rounding up.

Looking at the specification sheet for the LED525:, the Maximum DC Forward Current is 30 mA and the Typical Forward Voltage is 3.0 V<sup>a</sup>. To keep the LED running at a current lower than the maximum, 20 mA will be chosen for the current. Knowing that a USB port has a 5 V potential, Equation 3 results in the following:

 $R = (V_s - V_f)/I = (5 \text{ V}-3 \text{ V})/.02 \text{ A} = 100 \text{ Ohm}$  (Equation 4).

A 100 Ohm resistor is a standard size, so no rounding up is needed.

• The Forward Voltage is rated at 50mA. This is because the Pulsed Forward Currents can be higher than 30 mA.

#### **Portable Battery Pack**

This system can be mobile with the addition of a 5 VDC External Battery Pack (CPS1), which is sold by Thorlabs. This device acts just like any other USB Type A female port. Alternatively, a battery holder can be hard wired on as long as the batteries supply a higher voltage than the LED's forward voltage  $V_f$ . In the case of adding a battery holder, Equation 3 is still applied, except changing the  $V_s$  to the batteries voltage. It may also be beneficial to add a switch to your circuit, so that way the LED can be switched on and off without needing to remove it from the power supply.

#### Powering Multiple LEDs

If more than one LED is needed, they can be combined in either series or parallel. If placed in series, LEDs'  $V_f$  will stack, requiring a larger  $V_s$ . A parallel configuration is more advantageous for LEDs; in this configuration, more current is needed from the power source, but the  $V_f$  can be satisfied on an individual basis by  $V_s$ . While in parallel, it is also very important that each LED has its own resistor, calculated as if each LED was independently connected to the battery, or the system will risk a total burn out if one LED fails, as each remaining LED would attempt to bear the current of the dead LED.

				Light Emitting Di	ode (LED) Selectio	n Guide			1	
(Click Representative Photo to Enlarge; Not to Scale)	*					<b>1</b>		<b>1</b>		
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	LEDs in SMT Packages	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	Collimated LEDs for Microscopy <sup>a</sup>	Fiber- Coupled LEDs <sup>b</sup>	High-Power LEDs for Microsocopy	Multi- Wavelength LED Source Options <sup>c</sup>	LED Arrays
Single Color LE	Ds					1				
250 nm	LED250J (1 mW Min) LED255W	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
255 nm -	(0.4 mW) LED255J (1 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
260 nm -	LED260W (1 mW) LED260J (1 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
265 nm	-	-	-	M265D4 (38.4 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	M265L5 (38.4 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
275 nm -	LED275W (1.6 mW) LED275J (1 mW Min)	-	-	M275D2 (45 mW Min) M275D3 (47.3 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	M275L4 (45 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-
280 nm	LED280W (2.3 mW)	-	-	-	M280L6 (78 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	M280F5 (0.5 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-
285 nm -	LED285W (1.6 mW) LED285J (1.3 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
290 nm	LED290W (1.6 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
295 nm	LED295W (1.2 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
300 nm	LED300W (1.2 mW)	-	-	M300D3 (26 mW Min) M310D1	M300L4 (26 mW Min) M310L1	-	M300F2 (320 µW) M310F1	-	-	-
308 nm	-	-	-	(38.5 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	(38.5 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	(0.51 mW) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-
310 nm	LED310W (1.5 mW) LED325W2	-	-	- M325D3	- M325L5	-	- M325F4	-	-	-
325 nm	(1.7 mW)	-	-	(25 mW Min)	(25 mW Min)	-	(350 µW)	-	-	-
340 nm -	(1.7 mW) LED341W (0.33 mW)	-	-	M340D4 (45.5 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	M340L5 (45.5 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	M340F4 (0.75 mW) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-
365 nm	-	-	-	M365D2 (1150 mW Min)	M365L3 (880 mW Min) M365LP1 (1350 mW Min)	M365L2-Cx (120 mW) <sup>g</sup> M365LP1-Cx (350 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M365FP1 (15.5 mW)	SOLIS-365C (3.0 W) <sup>f</sup>	Chrolis (1130 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (85 mW)	-
375 nm -	LED375L (1 mW) LED370E (2.5 mW)	-	-	M375D4 (1270 mW Min)	M375L4 (1270 mW Min)	-	M375F2 (4.23 mW)	-	-	-
385 nm	LED385L (5 mW)		-	M385D1 (270 mW Min)	M385L2 (270 mW Min) M385L3 (1240 mW Min)	M385L2-Cx (90 mW) <sup>e</sup> M385L3-Cx (450 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M385F1 (10.7 mW)	SOLIS-385C	Chrolis (1250 mW)	-
	(0 11147)			M385D2 (1650 mW Min)	M385LP1 (1650 mW Min)	M385LP1-Cx (520 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M385FP1 (23.2 mW)	(5.8 W) <sup>f</sup>	4- Wavelength Source (95 mW)	
395 nm	LED395L (6 mW)	-	-	M395D3 (400 mW Min) M395D4 (1420 mW Min)	M395L4 (400 mW Min) M395L5 (1130 mW Min) M395LP1 (1420 mW Min)	-	M395F3 (6.8 mW) M395FP1 (29.8 mW)	-	-	-
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	LEDs in SMT Packages	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	Collimated LEDs for Microscopy <sup>a</sup>	Fiber- Coupled LEDs <sup>b</sup>	High-Power LEDs for Microsocopy	Multi- Wavelength LED Source Options <sup>c</sup>	LED Arrays

Single Color LE	LED405L				M405L4	M405L4-Cx	M405F1		Chrolis (900 mW)	
405 nm	(6 mW) LED405E (10 mW)	-	-	M405D2 (1500 mW Min)	(1000 mW Min) M405LP1 (1200 mW Min)	(510 mW) <sup>g</sup> M405LP1-Cx (450 mW) <sup>e</sup>	(3.7 mW) M405FP1 (24.3 mW)	SOLIS-405C (3.9 W) <sup>f</sup>	(900 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (290 mW)	-
415 nm	-	-	-	M415D2 (1640 mW Min)	M415L4 (1310 mW Min) M415LP1 (1640 mW Min)	-	M415F3 (21.3 mW)	SOLIS-415C (5.8 W) <sup>f</sup>	-	-
420 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Chrolis (710 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (95 mW)	-
430 nm	LED430L (8 mW)	-	-	M430D3 (529.2 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	M430L5 (529.2 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	M430F1 (7.5 mW) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-
445 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SOLIS-445C (5.4 W) <sup>f</sup>	-	-
450 nm	LED450L (7 mW)	-	LEDS450 (250 mW)	M450D4 (2118.1 mW) <sup>d</sup>	M450LP2 (2118.1 mW) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
455 nm	-	-	-	M455D3 (1150 mW Min)	M455L4 (1150 mW Min)	M455L3-Cx (400 mW) <sup>h</sup> M455L4-Cx (490 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M455F3 (24.5 mW)	-	4- Wavelength Source (310 mW)	-
465 nm	LED465E (20 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
470 nm	LED470L (170 mW)	EP470S04 (18 mW Min) EP470S10 (100 mW Min)	-	M470D4 (809 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	M470L5 (809 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	M470L5-Cx (402 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M470F3 (21.8 mW)	SOLIS-470C (3.0 W) <sup>f</sup>	4- Wavelength Source (250 mW)	LIU470/ (253 mW
475 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Chrolis (630 mW)	-
490 nm	LED490L (3 mW)	-	-	M490D3 (205 mW Min)	M490L4 (205 mW Min)	-	M490F3 (3.1 mW)	-	Chrolis (120 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (50 mW)	-
505 nm	LED505L (4 mW)	-	-	M505D3 (400 mW Min)	M505L4 (400 mW Min)	M505L3-Cx (180 mW) <sup>j</sup> M505L4-Cx (170 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M505F3 (11.7 mW)	SOLIS-505C (1.0 W) <sup>f</sup>	4- Wavelength Source (170 mW)	-
525 nm	LED525E (2.6 mW Max) LED525L (4 mW) LED528EHP (7 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	SOLIS-525C (2.4 W) <sup>f</sup>	Chrolis (180 mW)	LIU525/ (111 mW
530 nm	-	-	-	M530D3 (370 mW Min)	M530L4 (370 mW Min)	M530L4-Cx (160 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M530F2 (9.6 mW)	-	4- Wavelength Source (100 mW)	-
545 nm	LED545L (2.4 mW CW, 8.7 mW Pulsed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
554 nm	-	-	-	MINTD3 (650 mW Min)	MINTL5 (650 mW Min)	-	MINTF4 (28 mW)	-	-	-
562 nm	LED560L (0.15 mW) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
565 nm	-	-	-	M565D2 (880 mW Min)	M565L3 (880 mW Min)	-	M565F3 (13.5 mW)	SOLIS-565C (3.2 W) <sup>f</sup>	Chrolis (350 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (106 mW)	-
570 nm	LED570L (0.3 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
590 nm	LED590L (2 mW) LED591E (2 mW)	EP590S04 (3.5 mW Min) EP590S10 (18 mW Min)	-	M590D3 (230 mW Min)	M590L4 (230 mW Min)	M590L3-Cx (60 mW) <sup>e</sup> M590L4-Cx (100 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M590F3 (4.6 mW)	SOLIS-590C (350 mW) <sup>f</sup>	Chrolis (140 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (65 mW)	LIU590, (109 mV
595 nm	-	-	-	M595D3 (820 mW Min)	M595L4 (820 mW Min)	-	M595F2 (11.5 mW)	SOLIS-595C (700 mW) <sup>f</sup>	-	-

						0-111 6 1			Multi-	
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	LEDs in SMT Packages	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	Collimated LEDs for Microscopy <sup>a</sup>	Fiber- Coupled LEDs <sup>b</sup>	High-Power LEDs for Microsocopy	Wavelength LED Source Options <sup>c</sup>	LED Arrays
Single Color LE	EDs									
600 nm	LED600L (3 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
610 nm	LED610L (8 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
617 nm	-	-	-	M617D2 (600 mW Min)	M617L3 (600 mW Min)	M617L3-Cx (230 mW) <sup>e</sup> M617L4-Cx (280 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M617F2 (13.2 mW)	SOLIS-617C (1.5 mW) <sup>f</sup>	4- Wavelength Source (210 mW)	-
620 nm	-	-	-	-	-	- M625L3-Cx	-	SOLIS-620D (3.47 W) <sup>f</sup>	- Chrolis	-
625 nm	LED625L (12 mW)	-	-	M625D3 (700 mW Min)	M625L4 (700 mW Min)	(270 mW) <sup>e</sup> M625L4-Cx (490 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M625F1 (17.5 mW)	-	(490 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (240 mW)	-
630 nm	LED630L (16 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LIU630. (208 mV
635 nm	LED631E (4 mW) LED635L (170 mW)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
639 nm	LED630E (7.2 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
645 nm	LED645L (16 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
660 nm (13 mW)		-	-	M660D2 (940 mW Min)	M660L4 (940 mW Min)	M660L4-Cx (400 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M660FP1 (15.5 mW)	SOLIS-660C (2.0 W) <sup>f</sup>	4- Wavelength Source (210 mW)	-
670 nm	LED670L (12 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
680 nm	LED680L (8 mW)	-	-	M680D2 (180 mW Min)	M680L4 (180 mW Min)	-	M680F3 (2.7 mW)	-	-	-
700 nm	-	EP700S04 (5 mW Min) EP700S10 (30 mW Min)	-	M700D2 (80 mW Min)	M700L4 (80 mW Min)	-	M700F3 (1.7 mW)	-	-	-
730 nm	-	-	-	M730D3 (540 mW Min)	M730L5 (540 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-
740 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	M740F2 (6.0 mW)	SOLIS-740C (2.0 W) <sup>f</sup>	-	-
750 nm	LED750L (18 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
760 nm	LED760L (24 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
770 nm	LED770L (22 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
780 nm	LED780E (18 mW) LED780L (22 mW)		-	M780D2 (200 mW Min) M780D3 (800 mW Min)	M780L3 (200 mW Min) M780LP1 (800 mW Min)	M780L3-Cx (130 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M780F2 (7.5 mW)	-	Chrolis (40 mW)	LIU780, (315 mV
800 nm	LED800L (20 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
810 nm	LED810L (22 mW)	EP810S04 (16 mW Min) EP810S10 (90 mW Min)		M810D2 (325 mW Min)	M810L3 (325 mW Min)	M810L3-Cx (210 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M810F2 (6.5 mW)	-	-	-
830 nm	LED830L (22 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
840 nm	LED840L (22 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
850 nm	LED851L (13 mW)	-	-	M850D2 (900 mW Min) M850D3 (1400 mW)	M850L3 (900 mW Min) M850LP1 (1400 mW Min)	M850L3-Cx (330 mW) <sup>e</sup>	M850F3 (8.6 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	SOLIS-850C (2.7 W) <sup>f</sup>	-	LIU850 (322 mV
870 nm	LED870E (22 mW) LED870L (24 mW)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
880 nm	-	-	-	M880D2 (300 mW Min)	M880L3 (300 mW Min)	-	M880F2 (3.4 mW)	-	-	-
890 nm	LED890L (12 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

				Light Emitting Di	ode (LED) Selectio	n Guida				
	LED910L				ode (LED) Selectio	n Guide				
	(10 mW)									
910 nm	LED910E	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(12 mW)									
930 nm	LED930L (15 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	LED940E			M940D2	M940L3	M940L3-Cx	M940F3	SOLIS-940C		
940 nm	(18 mW)	-	-	(800 mW Min)	(800 mW Min)	(320 mW) <sup>e</sup>	(14.2 mW)	(2.5 W) <sup>f</sup>	-	-
970 nm	LED970L	_	_	M970D3	M970L4	_	M970F3	_	_	_
	(5 mW)			(600 mW Min)	(600 mW Min)		(8.1 mW)			
			LEDs in			Collimated	Fiber-	High-Power	Multi- Wavelength	
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	SMT	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	LEDs for	Coupled	LEDs for	LED	LED Arrays
			Packages			Microscopy <sup>a</sup>	LEDs <sup>b</sup>	Microsocopy	Source Options <sup>c</sup>	, and yo
Single Color LE	EDs								Options	
<u>-</u>	LED1050E			M1050D1	M1050L2					
	(2.5 mW)			(50 mW Min)	(50 mW Min)		-			
1050 nm	LED1050L	-	_	M1050D3	M1050L4	-	M1050F3	-	-	-
	(4 mW)			(160 mW Min)	(160 mW Min)	-	(3 mW)	-		
	(8 mW) <sup>d</sup>			-	-		-			
	LED1070L									
1070 nm	(4 mW)	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
	LED1070E (7.5 mW)									
	(7.5 mW) LED1085L	<u> </u>								
1085 nm	(5 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1100 nm	-	-	_	M1100D1	M1100L1	-	M1100F1	-	-	-
				(168 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	(168 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>		(5.4 mW) <sup>d</sup>			
	LED1200E (2.5 mW)			M1200D2	M1200L3					
1200 nm	LED1200L	-	-	(30 mW Min)	(30 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-
	(5 mW)									
	LED1300E			M1300D2	M1300L3					
1300 nm	(2 mW)	-	-	(25 mW Min) M1300D3	(25 mW Min) M1300L4	-	M1300F1 (2.31 mW) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-
	(3.5 mW)			(122.8 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	(122.8 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>		(2.51 1110)			
	LED1450E									
1450 nm	(2 mW)	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	LED1450L (5 mW)									
	LED1550E									
1550 nm	(2 mW)	-	_	M1550D2	M1550L3	_		_	_	_
	LED1550L			(31 mW Min)	(31 mW Min)					
	(4 mW)									
1600 nm	(2 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1650 nm	LED1600P	-	_	M1650D2	M1650L4	-	-	-	-	_
	(1.2 mW)			(13 mW Min)	(13 mW Min)					
1750	LED1700P (1.2 mW									
1750 nm	Quasi-CW,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30 mW Pulsed)									
1050 500	LED1800P (0.9 mW									
1850 nm	Quasi-CW,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20 mW Pulsed) LED1900P									
1950 nm	(1.0 mW	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
	Quasi-CW,	-		-	-		-		-	-
	25 mW Pulsed) LED2050P									
2050 nm	(1.1 mW	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
	Quasi-CW, 28 mW Pulsed)	-		_	_		_			
	LED2350P									
2350 nm	(0.8 mW	_	_	_	-		-	_	_	_
	Quasi-CW, 16 mW Pulsed)									
	LED2700W									
	(0.15 mW									
2700 nm	Quasi-CW, 1.0 mW	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Pulsed)									
	LED2800W									
2800 nm	(0.3 mW Quasi-CW,	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	_
	2.0 mW									
	Pulsed)									

				Light Emitting Di	ode (LED) Selectio	n Guide				
3400 nm	LED3400W (0.3 mW Quasi-CW, 2.0 mW Pulsed)	-	-	M3400D1 (2.2 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	M3400L1 (2.2 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
3800 nm	LED3800W (0.18 mW Quasi-CW, 1.5 mW Pulsed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4200 nm	LED4300P (0.03 mW Quasi-CW, 0.2 mW Pulsed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4300 nm	LED4300W (0.18 mW Quasi-CW, 1.5 mW Pulsed)	-	-	M4300D1 (1.1 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	M4300L1 (1.1 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
4500 nm	LED4600P (0.006 mW Quasi-CW, 0.12 mW Pulsed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	LEDs in SMT Packages	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	Collimated LEDs for Microscopy <sup>a</sup>	Fiber- Coupled LEDs <sup>b</sup>	High-Power LEDs for Microsocopy	Multi- Wavelength LED Source Options <sup>c</sup>	LED Arrays
Multi-Color, Bro	adband, and Wh	ite LEDs								
455 nm (12.5% <sup>i</sup> ) and 640 nm	-	-	-	MPRP1D2 (275 mW Min)	MPRP1L4 (275 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-
572 nm and 625 nm	LEDGR (0.09 mW and 0.19 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
588 nm and 617 nm	LEDRY (0.09 mW and 0.19 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
467.5 nm, 525 nm, and 627.5 nm	LEDRGBE (5.8 mW, 6.2 mW, and 3.1 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
430 - 660 nm (White)	LEDWE-15 (13 mW) LEDW7E (15.0 mW) LEDW25E (15.0 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6500 K (Cold White)	-	-	-	MCWHD5 (930 mW Min) MCWHD6 (942 mW Min) <sup>d</sup> MCWHD7 (2064.8 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	MCWHL7 (930 mW Min) MCWHLP2 (942 mW Min) <sup>d</sup> MCWHLP3 (2064.8 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	SOLIS-1D (5.8 W) <sup>f</sup>	-	-
6200 K (Cold White)	-	-	-	-	-	-	MCWHF2 (27.0 mW)	-	-	-
5000 K (Cold White)	-	-	LEDSW50 (110 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4600 - 9000 K (Cold White)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LIUCWHA (250 mW)
4000 K (Warm White)	-	-	LEDSW40 (115 mW)	-	-	-	MWWHF2 (23.1 mW)	-	-	-
3000 K (Warm White)	-	-	LEDSW30 (100 mW)	MWWHD4 (1713 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	MWWHL4 (570 mW Min) MWWHLP2 (1713 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	-	-	SOLIS-2C (3.2 W) <sup>f</sup>	-	-
5700 K (Day Light White)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SOLIS-3C (3.5 W)	-	-
470 - 850 nm (Broadband)	-	-	-	MBB1D1 (70 mW Min)	MBB1L3 (70 mW Min)	-	MBB1F1 (1.2 mW)	-	-	-
770 nm, 860 nm, & 940 nm (Broadband)	-	-	-	MBB2D1 (740 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	MBB2L1 (650 mW Min) <sup>d</sup> MBB2LP1 (740 mW Min) <sup>d</sup>	_	-	-	-	-

- a. These Collimated LEDs are compatible with the standard and epi-illumination ports on the following microscopes: Olympus BX/IX (Item # Suffix: -C1), Leica DMI (Item # Suffix: -C2), Zeiss Axioskop (Item # Suffix: -C4), and Nikon Eclipse (Bayonet Mount, Item # Suffix: -C5).
- b. Typical power when used with MM Fiber with Ø400  $\mu m$  core, 0.39 NA.
- ${\rm c.} \quad {\rm Our} \ {\rm Multi-Wavelength} \ {\rm LED} \ {\rm Sources} \ {\rm are} \ {\rm available} \ {\rm with} \ {\rm select} \ {\rm combinations} \ {\rm of} \ {\rm the} \ {\rm LEDs} \ {\rm at} \ {\rm these} \ {\rm wavelengths}.$
- d. Measured at 25 °C
- e. Typical power for LEDs with the Leica DMI collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C2).

- f. Minimum power for the collimated output of these LEDs. The collimation lens is installed with each LED.
- 9. Typical power for LEDs with the Olympus BX and IX collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C1).
- h. Typical power for LEDs with the Nikon Eclipse collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C5).
- i. Percentage of LED intensity that emits in the blue portion of the spectrum, from 400 nm to 525 nm.
- j. Typical power for LEDs with the Zeiss Axioskop collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C4).

# UV LEDs with Ball Lens (250 - 275 nm)

Item #	Info	Peak Wavelength <sup>a</sup>	Optical Power (Min) <sup>b</sup>	Spectral FWHM <sup>a</sup>	Viewing Half Angle <sup>a</sup>	Max DC Forward Current <sup>c</sup>	Package <sup>d</sup>
LED250J		250 nm	1 mW	12 nm	7.5°	100 mA	TO-39
LED255J		255 nm	1 mW	12 nm	7.5°	100 mA	TO-39
LED260J	0	260 nm	1 mW	12 nm	7.5°	100 mA	TO-39
LED275J	1	275 nm	1 mW	12 nm	7.5°	100 mA	TO-39

a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.

b. At 100 mA.

c. Temperature: 25 °C

d. We recommend mounting these LEDs in S1LEDM LED Mounts with HSLT2 Passive Heat Sink Lens Tubes.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
LED250J	250 nm LED with Ball Lens, 1 mW (Min), TO-39	\$409.68	Today
LED255J	255 nm LED with Ball Lens, 1 mW (Min), TO-39	\$364.74	Today
LED260J	260 nm LED with Ball Lens, 1 mW (Min), TO-39	\$376.20	Today
LED275J	275 nm LED with Ball Lens, 1 mW (Min), TO-39	\$373.83	Today

# Single-Color UV LEDs (255 - 385 nm)

		Optical	Spectral	Viewing	Max DC Forward	
ltem #	Wavelength <sup>a,b</sup>	Power <sup>a,c</sup>	FWHM <sup>a</sup>	Half Angle <sup>a</sup>	Current <sup>d</sup>	Package
LED255W	255 nm	0.4 mW	11 nm	60°	30 mA	TO-39
LED260W	265 nm	1 mW	11 nm	60°	30 mA	Ø9 mm
LED275W	275 nm	1.6 mW	11 nm	60°	30 mA	Ø9 mm
LED280W	280 nm	2.3 mW	12 nm	57°	40 mA	TO-39
LED285J	285 nm <sup>e</sup>	1.3 mW <sup>d</sup>	11 nm <sup>c,d</sup>	6° <sup>c,d</sup>	30 mA <sup>d</sup>	TO-39
LED285W	285 nm <sup>f</sup>	1.6 mW	11 nm	60°	30 mA	Ø9 mm
LED290W	290 nm	1.6 mW	11 nm	60°	30 mA	Ø9 mm
LED295W	295 nm	1.2 mW	11 nm	60°	30 mA	TO-39
LED300W	300 nm	1.2 mW	11 nm	60°	30 mA	Ø9 mm
LED310W	310 nm <sup>f</sup>	1.5 mW	15 nm	57°	40 mA	TO-39
LED325W2	325 nm <sup>f</sup>	1.7 mW	11 nm	57°	40 mA	TO-39
LED340W	340 nm <sup>f</sup>	1.7 mW	9 nm	57°	40 mA	TO-39
LED341W	340 nm	0.33 mW	15 nm	60°	20 mA	TO-39
LED375L	375 nm <sup>f</sup>	1 mW	10 nm	20°	30 mA	TO-18
LED370E	375 nm	2.5 mW	10 nm	19°	30 mA	T-1 3/4
LED385L	385 nm <sup>f</sup>	5 mW	12 nm	16°	30 mA	TO-18

a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.

b. Center wavelength unless otherwise noted.

c. At 20 mA unless otherwise noted.

d. Specified for temperature of 25 °C.

e. Nominal Wavelength

f. Peak Wavelength

i arcitaniiooi	Doorpton	11100	Avanasing
LED255W	255 nm LED with Window, 0.4 mW, TO-39	\$438.17	Today
LED260W	260 nm LED with Window, 1 mW, Ø9 mm	\$885.60	Today
LED275W	275 nm LED with Window, 1.6 mW, Ø9 mm	\$379.82	Today
LED280W	280 nm LED with Window, 2.3 mW, TO-39	\$293.80	Today
LED285J	285 nm LED with Aspheric Glass Lens, 1.3 mW, TO-39	\$256.46	Today
LED285W	285 nm LED with Window, 1.6 mW, Ø9 mm	\$263.02	Today
LED290W	290 nm LED with Window, 1.6 mW, Ø9 mm	\$248.57	Today
LED295W	295 nm LED with Window, 1.2 mW, TO-39	\$219.57	7-10 Days
LED300W	300 nm LED with Window, 1.2 mW, Ø9 mm	\$318.89	7-10 Days
LED310W	310 nm LED with Window, 1.5 mW, TO-39	\$293.80	Today
LED325W2	325 nm LED with Window, 1.7 mW, TO-39	\$293.80	Today
LED340W	340 nm LED with Window, 1.7 mW, TO-39	\$293.80	Today
LED341W	340 nm LED with Window, 0.33 mW, TO-39	\$198.54	Today
LED375L	Customer Inspired! 375 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 1 mW, TO-18	\$13.98	Today
LED370E	375 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.5 mW, T-1 3/4	\$12.55	Today
LED385L	Customer Inspired! 385 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18	\$14.20	Today

Item #	Wavelength <sup>a,b</sup>	Optical Power <sup>a</sup>	Spectral FWHM <sup>a</sup>	Viewing Half Angle <sup>a</sup>	Max DC Forward Current <sup>c</sup>	Package
LED395L	395 nm	6 mW (at 20 mA)	15 nm	16°	30 mA	TO-18
LED405L	405 nm	6 mW (at 20 mA)	20 nm	17°	30 mA	TO-18
LED405E	405 nm <sup>d</sup>	10 mW (at 20 mA)	15 nm	5°	30 mA	T-1 3/4
LED430L	430 nm	8 mW (at 20 mA)	20 nm	22°	50 mA	TO-18
LED450L	450 nm	7 mW (at 20 mA)	20 nm	20°	50 mA	TO-18
LED450LW	450 nm	90 mW (at 100 mA)	16 nm	50°	150 mA	TO-39
ED465E	465 nm <sup>d</sup>	20.0 mW (at 20 mA)	25 nm	8°	50 mA	T-1 3/4
ED470L	470 nm	170 mW (at 350 mA)	22 nm	7°	350 mA	TO-39
LED490L	490 nm	3 mW (at 20 mA)	20 nm	20°	50 mA	TO-18
LED505L	505 nm	4 mW (at 50 mA)	30 nm	20°	30 mA	TO-18
ED525E	525 nm <sup>d</sup>	2.6 mW (at 20 mA)	32 nm	7.5°	30 mA	T-1 3/4
LED525L	525 nm	4 mW (at 50 mA)	25 nm	20°	30 mA	TO-18
LED528EHP	525 nm <sup>d</sup>	7.0 mW (at 20 mA)	35 nm	9°	50 mA	T-1 3/4
LED545L	545 nm	2.4 mW (at 20 mA) 8.7 mW (Pulsed, at 100 mA)	39 nm	12°	50 mA	TO-18
LED560L	562 nm <sup>c</sup>	0.15 mW (at 20 mA) <sup>c</sup> 0.6 mW (Max, at 50 mA) <sup>c</sup>	11 nm <sup>c</sup>	6°°C	50 mA	TO-18
LED570L	570 nm	0.3 mW (at 20 mA)	15 nm	20°	50 mA	TO-18
LED590L	590 nm	2 mW (at 50 mA)	15 nm	20°	30 mA	TO-18
LED591E	590 nm <sup>d</sup>	2 mW (at 20 mA)	20 nm	10°	50 mA	T-1 3/4
LED595LW	595 nm	45 mW (at 100 mA)	75 nm	50°	150 mA	TO-39
LED600L	600 nm	3 mW (at 50 mA)	12 nm	15°	75 mA	TO-18
LED610L	610 nm	8 mW (at 50 mA)	12 nm	25°	75 mA	TO-18
LED625L	625 nm	12 mW (at 50 mA)	14 nm	24°	75 mA	TO-18
LED630L	630 nm	16 mW (at 50 mA)	14 nm	22°	75 mA	TO-18
LED631E	635 nm <sup>d</sup>	4 mW (at 20 mA)	10 nm	20°	50 mA	T-1 3/4
LED635L	635 nm <sup>d</sup>	170 mW (at 350 mA)	15 nm	7°	500 mA	TO-39
ED630E	639 nm <sup>d</sup>	7.2 mW (at 20 mA)	17 nm	7.5°	50 mA	T-1 3/4
ED645L	645 nm	16 mW (at 50 mA)	16 nm	20°	75 mA	TO-18
ED660L	660 nm	13 mW (at 50 mA)	14 nm	18°	75 mA	TO-18
LED670L	670 nm	12 mW (at 50 mA)	22 nm	22°	75 mA	TO-18
LED680L	680 nm	8 mW (at 50 mA)	16 nm	20°	75 mA	TO-18

a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.

b. Peak wavelength unless otherwise noted.

c. Specified for temperature of 25  $^\circ\text{C}.$ 

d. Center Wavelength

LED395L	Customer Inspired! 395 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 6 mW, TO-18	\$14.31	Today
LED405L	Customer Inspired! 405 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 6 mW, TO-18	\$14.85	Today
LED405E	405 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 10 mW, T-1 3/4	\$19.30	Today
LED430L	Customer Inspired! 430 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 8 mW, TO-18	\$12.75	Today
LED450L	Customer Inspired! 450 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 7 mW, TO-18	\$12.65	Today
LED450LW	450 nm LED with a Flat Window, 90 mW, TO-39	\$47.02	Today
LED465E	465 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 20 mW, TO-1 3/4, Qty. of 5	\$24.96	Today
LED470L	470 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 170 mW, TO-39	\$63.22	Today
LED490L	Customer Inspired! 490 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 3 mW, TO-18	\$12.55	Today
LED505L	505 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18	\$12.86	Today
LED525E	525 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.6 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5	\$21.51	Today
LED525L	525 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18	\$12.86	Today
LED528EHP	525 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 7 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5	\$24.96	Today
LED545L	545 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 2.4 mW, TO-18	\$18.94	Today
LED560L	562 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 0.15 mW, TO-18	\$17.00	Today
LED570L	570 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 0.3 mW, TO-18	\$12.75	Today
LED590L	590 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 2 mW, TO-18	\$12.75	Today
LED591E	590 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5	\$20.41	Today
LED595LW	595 nm LED with a Flat Window, 45 mW, TO-39	\$28.66	Today
LED600L	600 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 3 mW, TO-18	\$12.75	Today
LED610L	610 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 8 mW, TO-18	\$12.75	Today
LED625L	625 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 12 mW, TO-18	\$12.75	Today
LED630L	630 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 16 mW, TO-18	\$12.75	Today
LED631E	635 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 4 mW, T-1 3/4	\$7.82	Today
LED635L	635 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 170 mW, TO-39	\$63.22	Today
LED630E	630 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 7.2 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5	\$15.09	Today
LED645L	645 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 16 mW, TO-18	\$12.65	7-10 Days
LED660L	660 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 13 mW, TO-18	\$12.41	Today

LED670L	670 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 12 mW, TO-18	\$12.41	Today
LED680L	680 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 8 mW, TO-18	\$12.41	Today

Item #	Wavelength <sup>a,b</sup>	Optical Power <sup>a</sup>	Spectral FWHM <sup>a</sup>	Viewing Half Angle <sup>a</sup>	Max DC Forward Current <sup>c</sup>	Package
LED750L	750 nm	18 mW (at 50 mA)	23 nm	11°	75 mA	TO-18
LED760L	760 nm	24 mW (at 50 mA)	24 nm	12°	75 mA	TO-18
LED770L	770 nm	22 mW (at 50 mA)	28 nm	12°	75 mA	TO-18
LED780E	780 nm <sup>d</sup>	18 mW (at 50 mA)	30 nm	10°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED780L	780 nm	22 mW (at 50 mA)	25 nm	12°	75 mA	TO-18
LED800L	800 nm	20 mW (at 50 mA)	30 nm	12°	75 mA	TO-18
LED810L	810 nm	22 mW (at 50 mA)	30 nm	12°	75 mA	TO-18
LED830L	830 nm	22 mW (at 50 mA)	32 nm	12°	75 mA	TO-18
LED840L	840 nm	22 mW (at 50 mA)	35 nm	12°	75 mA	TO-18
LED850LN	850 nm	100 mW (at 500 mA)	55 nm	3.5°	500 mA	TO-39
LED850LW	850 nm	140 mW (at 500 mA)	55 nm	55°	500 mA	TO-39
LED851L	850 nm <sup>d</sup>	13 mW (at 20 mA)	40 nm	10°	100 mA	TO-18
LED870E	870 nm <sup>d</sup>	22 mW	40 nm	10°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED870L	870 nm	24 mW (at 50 mA)	42 nm	13°	75 mA	TO-18
LED890L	890 nm	12 mW (at 50 mA)	44 nm	14°	75 mA	TO-18
LED910L	910 nm	10 mW (at 50 mA)	44 nm	12°	75 mA	TO-18
LED910E	910 nm <sup>d</sup>	12 mW (at 50 mA)	35 nm	7°	100 mA	Ø5.5 mm
LED930L	930 nm	15 mW (at 50 mA)	60 nm	14°	75 mA	TO-18
LED940E	940 nm <sup>d</sup>	18 mW	50 nm	10°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED970L	970 nm	5 mW (at 50 mA)	46 nm	14°	75 mA	TO-18
LED1050E	1050 nm <sup>d</sup>	2.5 mW	55 nm	15°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED1050L	1050 nm	4 mW (at 50 mA)	50 nm	15°	100 mA	TO-18
LED1050L2	1050 nm <sup>c</sup>	8 mW (at 50 mA) <sup>c</sup>	42 nm <sup>c</sup>	9°c	100 mA <sup>c</sup>	TO-46
LED1070L	1070 nm	4 mW (at 50 mA)	55 nm	15°	100 mA	TO-18
LED1070E	1070 nm <sup>d</sup>	7.5 mW (at 50 mA)	80 nm	15°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED1085L	1085 nm	5 mW (at 50 mA)	50 nm	15°	100 mA	TO-18
LED1200E	1200 nm <sup>d</sup>	2.5 mW (at 20 mA)	100 nm	15°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED1200L	1200 nm	5 mW (at 50 mA)	70 nm	15°	100 mA	TO-18
LED1300E	1300 nm <sup>d</sup>	2 mW (at 20 mA)	100 nm	15°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED1300L	1300 nm	3.5 mW (at 50 mA)	85 nm	20°	100 mA	TO-18
LED1450E	1450 nm <sup>d</sup>	2 mW (at 20 mA)	100 nm	15°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED1450L	1450 nm	5 mW (at 50 mA)	105 nm	14°	100 mA	TO-18
LED1550E	1550 nm <sup>d</sup>	2 mW (at 20 mA)	100 nm	15°	100 mA	T-1 3/4
LED1550L	1550 nm	4 mW (at 50 mA)	120 nm	15°	100 mA	TO-18
LED1600L	1600 nm	2 mW (at 50 mA)	130 nm	15°	100 mA	TO-18

a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.

b. Peak wavelength unless otherwise noted.

c. Specified for temperature of 25 °C.

d. Center Wavelength

LED750L	750 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 18 mW, TO-18	\$9.90	Today
LED760L	760 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 24 mW, TO-18	\$9.90	Today
LED770L	770 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18	\$9.90	Today
LED780E	780 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 18 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5	\$29.67	Today
LED780L	780 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18	\$9.90	Today
LED800L	800 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 20 mW, TO-18	\$9.90	Today
LED810L	810 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18	\$9.90	Today
LED830L	830 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18	\$9.90	Today
LED840L	840 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18	\$9.90	Today
LED850LN	850 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 100 mW, TO-39	\$26.47	7-10 Days
LED850LW	850 nm LED with a Flat Window, 140 mW, TO-39	\$24.27	Today
LED851L	850 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 13 mW, TO-18	\$15.43	Today
LED870E	870 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 22 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5	\$19.30	Today
LED870L	870 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 24 mW, TO-18	\$9.84	Today
LED890L	890 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 12 mW, TO-18	\$8.77	Today
LED910L	910 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 10 mW, TO-18	\$8.77	Today
LED910E	910 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 12 mW, Ø5.5 mm	\$9.38	Today
LED930L	930 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 15 mW, TO-18	\$7.73	Today
LED940E	940 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 18 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5	\$12.75	Today
LED970L	970 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18	\$7.73	Today
LED1050E	1050 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.5 mW, T-1 3/4	\$19.74	Today
LED1050L	1050 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18	\$26.62	Today
LED1050L2	1050 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 8 mW, TO-46	\$30.09	Today
LED1070L	1070 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18	\$26.51	Today

LED1070E	1070 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 7.5 mW, T-1 3/4	\$23.29	Today
LED1085L	1085 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18	\$26.62	Today
LED1200E	1200 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.5 mW, T-1 3/4	\$21.07	Lead Time
LED1200L	1200 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18	\$27.40	Today
LED1300E	1300 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.0 mW, T-1 3/4	\$20.18	Today
LED1300L	1300 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 3.5 mW, TO-18	\$27.51	Today
LED1450E	1450 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.0 mW, T-1 3/4	\$19.85	Today
LED1450L	1450 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18	\$26.83	Lead Time
LED1550E	1550 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.0 mW, T-1 3/4	\$20.41	Today
LED1550L	1550 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18	\$25.84	Today
LED1600L	1600 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 2 mW, TO-18	\$25.96	Today

# Single-Color IR LEDs (1650 - 4500 nm)

Item #	Center Wavelength <sup>a,b</sup>	Optical Power <sup>a,b</sup>	Spectral FWHM <sup>a,b</sup>	Viewing Half Angle <sup>a</sup>	Max Quasi-CW (qCW) Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	Package
LED1600P	1650 nm	1.2 mW qCW at 200 mA	150 nm	_c	200 mA	TO-18R
LED1700P	1750 nm	1.2 mW qCW at 200 mA (30 mW Pulsed at 1 A)	150 nm	_c	200 mA	TO-18R
LED1800P	1850 nm	0.9 mW qCW at 100 mW (20.0 mW Pulsed at 2 A)	150 nm	_c	200 mA	TO-18R
LED1900P	1950 nm	1.0 mW qCW at 200 mA (25.0 mW Pulsed at 1 A)	150 nm	_c	200 mA	TO-18R
LED2050P	2050 nm	1.1 mW qCW at 200 mA (28 mW Pulsed at 2 A)	200 nm	_c	200 mA	TO-18R
LED2350P	2350 nm	0.8 mW qCW at 200 mA (16.0 mW Pulsed at 1 A)	220 nm	_c	200 mA	TO-18R
LED2700W	2700 - 2790 nm <sup>d,e,f</sup>	150 μW qCW at 200 mA <sup>e</sup> (1000 μW Pulsed at 1 A) <sup>g</sup>	300 nm (Min) <sup>e,f</sup> 500 nm (Max) <sup>e,f</sup>	15°	200 mA <sup>e,h</sup>	TO-18
LED2800W	2830 - 2900 nm <sup>d,e,f</sup>	300 μW qCW at 200 mA <sup>e</sup> (2000 μW Pulsed at 1 A) <sup>g</sup>	300 nm (Min) <sup>e,f</sup> 500 nm (Max) <sup>e,f</sup>	15°	200 mA <sup>e,h</sup>	TO-18
LED3400W	3300 - 3440 nm <sup>d,e,f</sup>	300 μW qCW at 200 mA <sup>e</sup> (2000 μW Pulsed at 1 A) <sup>g</sup>	300 nm (Min) <sup>e,f</sup> 500 nm (Max) <sup>e,f</sup>	15.5°	200 mA <sup>e,h</sup>	TO-18
LED3800W	3700 - 3940 nm <sup>d,e,f</sup>	180 μW qCW at 200 mA <sup>e</sup> (1500 μW Pulsed at 1 A) <sup>g</sup>	400 nm (Min) <sup>e,f</sup> 700 nm (Max) <sup>e,f</sup>	16°	250 mA <sup>e</sup>	TO-18
LED4300P	4200 nm	30 μW qCW at 200 mA (200 μW Pulsed at 1 A)	400 - 1200 nm	_c	250 mA	TO-18R
LED4300W	4100 - 4300 nm <sup>d,e,f</sup>	180 μW qCW at 200 mA <sup>e</sup> (1500 μW Pulsed at 1 A) <sup>g</sup>	400 nm (Min) <sup>e,f</sup> 1200 nm (Max) <sup>e,f</sup>	16.5°	250 mA <sup>e</sup>	TO-18
LED4600P	4500 nm	6 μW qCW at 200 mA (120 μW Pulsed at 1 A)	1100 nm	_c	200 mA	TO-18R

a. Specified for temperature of 25  $^\circ\text{C}.$ 

b. Typical values unless otherwise noted.

c. This data is unavailable. For LEDs with a parabolic reflector, expect the viewing half angle to be only a few degrees.

- d. Peak Wavelength
- e. Repetition Rate: 0.5 kHz, Pulse Duration: 1 ms, and Duty Cycle: 50%
- f. Measured at 150 mA

g. Repetition Rate: 0.5 kHz, Pulse Duration: 20  $\mu s,$  and Duty Cycle: 1%

h. For Long-Time Operation

Part Number	Description	Price	Availabilit
LED1600P	1650 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 1.2 mW Quasi-CW, TO-18R	\$91.79	Today
LED1700P	1750 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 1.2 mW Quasi-CW, 30 mW Pulsed, TO-18R	\$91.79	Today
LED1800P	1850 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 0.9 mW Quasi-CW, 20.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18R	\$134.20	Today
LED1900P	1950 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 1 mW Quasi-CW, 25.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18R	\$134.20	Today
LED2050P	2050 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 1.1 mW Quasi-CW, 28 mW Pulsed, TO-18R	\$134.20	Today
LED2350P	2350 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 0.8 mW Quasi-CW, 16.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18R	\$134.20	Today
LED2700W	2700 nm LED with Glass Cover, 0.15 mW Quasi-CW, 1.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18	\$114.90	Today
LED2800W	2800 nm LED with Glass Cover, 0.3 mW Quasi-CW, 2.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18	\$114.90	Today
LED3400W	3300 nm LED with Glass Cover, 0.3 mW Quasi-CW, 2.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18	\$52.52	Today
LED3800W	3800 nm LED with Glass Cover, 0.18 mW Quasi-CW, 1.5 mW Pulsed, TO-18	\$52.52	Today
LED4300P	4200 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 30 μW Quasi-CW, 200 μW Pulsed, TO-18R	\$77.09	Today
LED4300W	4300 nm LED with Glass Cover, 0.18 mW Quasi-CW, 1.5 mW Pulsed, TO-18	\$52.52	Lead Time
LED4600P	4600 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 6 μW Quasi-CW, 120 μW Pulsed, TO-18R	\$181.69	Today

Multi-Color LEDs								
Item #	Center Wavelength <sup>a</sup>	Optical Power <sup>a</sup>	Spectral FWHM <sup>a</sup>	Viewing Half Angle <sup>a</sup>	Max DC Forward Current <sup>b</sup>	Package		
LEDGR	625 nm and 572 nm	0.19 mW and 0.09 mW (at 20 mA)	40 nm and 30 nm	15°	30 mA	T-1 3/4 <sup>c</sup>		
LEDRY	617 nm and 588 nm	0.19 mW and 0.09 mW (at 20 mA)	45 nm and 35 nm	30°	30 mA	T-1 3/4 <sup>c</sup>		
LEDRGBE (R, G, and B)	627.5 nm, 525 nm, and 467.5 nm	5.8 mW, 3.1 mW, and 6.2 mW	20 nm, 36 nm, and 15 nm	25°	50 mA	T-1 3/4 <sup>c</sup>		

a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.

b. Specified for temperature of 25  $^\circ\text{C}.$ 

c. This LED is not compatible with the 8060-2 LED socket due to the extra pins required for multi-color operation.

Part Number	Description		Availability
LEDGR	625/572 nm Dual-Color LED, Qty. of 5	\$14.86	Today
LEDRY	617/588 nm Dual-Color LED, Qty. of 5	\$13.98	Today
LEDRGBE	627.5/525/467.5 nm Tri-Color LED, Qty. of 5	\$33.01	Today

# White Light LEDs

Item #	Wavelength Range <sup>a</sup>	Optical Power <sup>a,b</sup>	Spectral FWHM <sup>a</sup>	Viewing Half Angle <sup>a</sup>	Max DC Forward Current <sup>c</sup>	Package
LEDWE-15 <sup>d</sup>	430 - 660 nm	13.0 mW	N/A	7.5°	30 mA	T-1 3/4
LEDW7E	430 - 660 nm	15.0 mW	N/A	7.5°	30 mA	T-1 3/4
LEDW25E	430 - 660 nm	15.0 mW	N/A	25°	30 mA	T-1 3/4

a. Typical values, unless noted otherwise.

b. At 20 mA unless otherwise noted.

c. Specified at a temperature of 25  $^\circ\text{C}.$ 

d. Does not fit the LEDMT1E.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
LEDWE-15	Epoxy-Encased White Light LED, 13.0 mW, 7.5° Half Viewing Angle, Qty. of 5	\$10.20	Today
LEDW7E	Epoxy-Encased White Light LED, 15.0 mW, 7.5° Half Viewing Angle, Qty. of 5	\$8.18	Today
LEDW25E	Epoxy-Encased White Light LED, 15.0 mW, 25° Half Viewing Angle, Qty. of 5	\$8.49	Today

#### **USB-Powered LED Mounts**

- USB-Powered Mount for LEDs in T-1 3/4 Packages
- Options with Built-In 51 Ω or 62 Ω Current-Limiting Resistor for Different Electrical Requirements
- External SM05 (0.535"-40) Mounting Thread
- Includes Micro-B USB to USB Type-A Cable for Power LED Module

These USB-Powered LED Mounts provide both power and a mounting socket for our unmounted LEDs in T-1 3/4 packages within a single compact housing. Because of the varied electrical requirements, we offer the LED mounts with either a 51  $\Omega$  or 62  $\Omega$  current-limiting resistor. The module is powered via the micro-B USB port on the back of the housing which can be connected to a USB power source or PC

via the included USB to micro-B USB cable. The housing exterior features external SM05 (0.535"-40) threading which can be used to integrate these mounts with a cage system or SM05threaded component.

When mounting an LED, use the engraving on the housing to determine the appropriate length to cut the leads (see drawing to the right). Insert the LED with the anode lead going into the socket indicated by a (+) sign and the cathode into the socket indicated by a (-) sign. Use light force to mount the LED as excessive force may bend the electrode leads.

These powered mounts offer a fixed resistance and input voltage; choosing the appropriate mount for your LED will minimize damage to the LED. In general, a mount with a lower resistance value will increase the forward current available to the LED and proportionally increase the optical output power. However, the forward current must not exceed the maximum current of LED as this can cause permanent damage to the LED. The minimum mount resistance (R) recommended to use a desired LED is given by the following equation:

$$R = \frac{V_{I,Source} - V_{F,Typ}}{I_{F,Max}}$$

Click for Details

LEDMT1E

Mechanical

Schematic

Click to Enlarge

Schematic

LEDMT1E LEDMT1F Item # Input Voltage (VI) 5 V Resistance 51 Ω 62 Ω Compatible LED Package T-1 3/4<sup>a</sup> External SM05 (0.535"-40) Mounting Thread **Outer Dimensions** Ø0.70" x 0.83" LED370E LED405E LED465E LED528EHP LED525E LED780E LED591E LED870E LED630E LEDMT1E Electrical LED631E Compatible LEDs<sup>b</sup> LED940E LED1050E LEDW25E LEDW7E LED1070E LED1200E LED1300E LED1450E

- a. LEDs with three pins and the LEDWE-15 are not compatible with the powered LED mounts.
- LEDs compatible with a lower resistance mount will b. typically work with a higher resistance mount but with decreased output power.

LED1550E

where the input voltage of the mount (V<sub>I,Source</sub>) is 5 V and the typical forward voltage (V<sub>F,Typ</sub>) and maximum forward current (I<sub>F,Max</sub>) are properties of each LED. Please consult the specifications of your LED for these values.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
LEDMT1E	Customer Inspired! USB-Powered LED Mount, 51 $\Omega$ Resistor	\$48.93	Today
LEDMT1F	Customer Inspired! USB-Powered LED Mount, 62 $\Omega$ Resistor	\$48.93	Today

### **LED Mounts**

The LEDMF LED Mount is designed to hold any of Thorlabs' TO-18R packages directly or our T-1 3/4 or TO-18 packages using one of the included adapter rings (Ø4.7 mm adapter for TO-18 or Ø5 mm adapter for T-1 3/4). The LED is secured in the mount with a top-located cap screw with a 5/64" (2 mm) hex. The L-shaped mount has a counterbored through hole suitable for an 8-32 (M4) cap screw so that the LEDMF can be attached to a Ø1/2" Post.

The S05LEDM and S1LEDM LED Mounts are SM05 (0.535"-40) and SM1 (1.035"-40) threaded, respectively. They are designed to hold any of Thorlabs' TO-18, TO-39, TO-46, or T-1 3/4 packages using the included adapter rings. The external threading on these mounts allows them to be used in a wide variety of SM05- or SM1-compatible optomechanics.

To aid in threading the retaining ring into the mount or in threading the mount into a mating component, we recommend using our selection of spanner wrenches. The SPW801 Adjustable Spanner Wrench can be used to thread LED retaining rings into the mount and the mount into a mating component. Alternatively, the table to the right also lists the compatible fixed spanner wrench for each mount.

LED Mount Compatibility							
ltem #		External	Compatible Spanner Wrenches				
nem #	Thursda		Mount	LED Retaining Ring			
LEDMF	TO-18, TO-18R, and T-1 3/4 <sup>a</sup>	Smooth Bore	N/A	N/A			
S05LEDM	TO-18, TO-39, TO-46, and	SM05 (0.535"-40)	SPW603 SPW801	SPW301			
S1LEDM		SM1 (1.035"-40)	SPW909 SPW801	SPW801			

The LEDRGBE, LEDGR, and LEDRY are not compatible with the LEDMF, a. S05LEDM, and S1LEDM, as the lead spacing prevents them from being mounted.

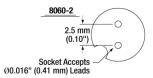
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Description

LEDMF	Ø1/2" Post-Mountable LED Mount for TO-18, TO-18R, and T-1 3/4 LEDs	\$29.67	Today
S05LEDM	Customer Inspired! SM05-Threaded Mount for TO-18, TO-39, TO-46, or T-1 3/4 LEDs	\$35.50	Today
S1LEDM	SM1-Threaded Mount for TO-18, TO-39, TO-46, or T-1 3/4 LEDs	\$36.00	Today
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### **LED Socket**

Thorlabs offers a light-emitting diode (LED) socket that is compatible with LEDs that have two leads. This socket fits LED leads that are Ø0.016" (Ø0.41 mm) and ≤0.22" (5.6 mm) long. The socket has gold-plated beryllium copper contacts and meets RoHS compliance. Color varies by lot and may be white, off white, black, or tan.



Specifications				
Conductor Beryllium Copper (Ber				
Insulator	PTFE			
Compatible Lead Diameters	0.016" (0.41 mm)			
Compatible Lead Lengths ≤0.22" (5.6 mm)				
<b>Outer Diameter</b> 5.8 mm (0.23")				
Substrate Thickness	6.9 mm (0.27")			
Substrate Thickness	0.9 11111 (0.27 )			

Part Number Description		Price	Availability
8060-2 Light-Emitting Diode Socket for LEDs, 2 Pin		\$12.00	Today

