



R1DF250 - August 14, 2019

Item # R1DF250 was discontinued on August 14, 2019. For informational purposes, this is a copy of the website content at that time and is valid only for the stated product.

ANNULAR APERTURE OBSTRUCTION TARGETS

- ► Obstruction Diameters Ranging from 42.5 μm to 1700 μm
- Pinhole Diameters Ranging from 50 μm to 2000 μm
- ▶ Blocking Region with Optical Density ≥ 6
- ▶ 0.5 mm Thick Quartz Substrate in Ø1" Aluminum Housing



Application Idea
R1CA2000 Obstructio
Target Mounted in
CXY1Q Translation Mour
with Quick-Release Plate

R1DF100

Annular Aperture Target
Obstruction Diameter = 100 μm
Pinhole Diameter = 1000 μm



OVERVIEW

Features

- · Increase Contrast when Imaging Biological Systems
- Filter Out Lower Order Spatial Modes
- 0.5 mm Thick Quartz Substrate
- Blocking Region (OD ≥ 6) Created Using a Chrome Mask
- AR Coating Over Chrome Mask to Minimize Back Reflections
- Aluminum Housing with a 1" Outer Diameter

Thorlabs' Annular Aperture Obstruction Targets (AAOTs) are ideal for increasing the contrast when imaging biological systems or filtering out lower order modes. Each AAOT is characterized by the ratio (ε) between the obstruction diameter (OD) and the pinhole diameter (PD). Thorlabs offers Annulus Aperture targets that are designed with either a constant 1 mm pinhole diameter for high-pass spatial filtering applications, or a constant ε ratio for confocal microscopy applications.

They are fabricated from 0.5 mm thick quartz glass substrate that has high transmission in the 400 - 2200 nm wavelength range. The clear aperture annulus is created using a chrome mask with an optical density ≥ 6 that blocks light from being transmitted though the inner obstruction target and outer obstruction region. The AAOT is then mounted within a housing that has a 1" outer diameter for mounting within our translation mounts for \emptyset 1" optics, as shown in the image above. The glass substrate is mounted with the chrome mask facing towards the engraved side of the housing. To minimize back reflections, we recommend having the AR-coated chrome mask facing the light souce when used.

Obstruction Targets: Annular Aperture, Ratios from 0.05 to 0.30

- Constant Pinhole Diameter of 1 mm
 - Pinhole Diameter
- Obstruction Diameters Range from 50 µm to 300 µm
- Ø1" Housing can be Mounted in Many of our Translation Mounts for Fine Alignment
- Ideal for High-Pass Spatial Filtering Applications
- Can be Used in Our Pre-Assembled Spatial Filter System

These Annular Aperture Obstruction Targets have an obstruction-to-pinhole ratio (ε) between 0.05 and 0.30, making them ideal for use as high-pass or edge-enhancement filters. When the Fourier plane is imaged onto the filter, the center region, which contains Gaussian light (TEM₀₀), will become blocked by the center obstruction. This allows the higher order modes of the Fourier plane, which contain diffraction information, to pass through and form the image. This will cause an overall loss of light intensity and generalized, smooth features, but it will enhance any sharp lines or boundaries.



Close-Up Photo of an Obstruction Pinhole OD: Obstruction Diameter PD: Pinhole Diameter

Shown to the right is a close up photo of an obstruction pinhole with the pinhole diameter (PD) and obstruction diameter (OD) labeled. The chrome-masked area appears black, and light is transmitted through the clear aperture.

				Annular Apertu		
Item #	ε Ratio ^a	Obstruction Diameter	Pinhole Diameter	with Respect to Housing ^b	with Respect to Substrate ^C	Glass Thickness
R1DF50	0.05	50 μm	1 mm	<0.41 mm	≤216 µm	0.5 mm
R1DF100	0.10	100 μm				
R1DF250	0.25	250 μm				
R1DF300	0.30	300 µm				

Obstruction Diameter

The R1DF250 and R1DF300 will be

retired without replacement when stock is depleted. If you require these parts for line production, please contact our OEM Team.

- a. Ratio of the Obstruction Diameter to the Pinhole Diameter (See Photo to the Above Right)
- b. Concentricity of the Annulus with Respect to the Outer Diameter of the Quartz Glass Substrate
- c. Concentricity of the Annulus with Respect to the Outer Diameter of the Aluminum Housing

Description	Price	Availability
Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.05, Ø50 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	5-8 Days
Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.10, Ø100 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today
Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.25, Ø250 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today
Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.30, Ø300 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today
	Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ϵ = 0.05, Ø50 µm Obstruction Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ϵ = 0.10, Ø100 µm Obstruction Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ϵ = 0.25, Ø250 µm Obstruction	Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, $\epsilon = 0.05$, Ø50 µm Obstruction \$160.74 Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, $\epsilon = 0.10$, Ø100 µm Obstruction \$160.74 Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, $\epsilon = 0.25$, Ø250 µm Obstruction \$160.74

Obstruction Targets: Annular Aperture, 0.85 Ratio

the pinhole diameter of the annular aperture.

- Constant ε Ratio of 0.85
- Ø1" Housing can be Mounted in Many of our Translation Mounts for Fine
- Ideal for Confocal Microscopy Applications
- Can be Used in Our Pre-Assembled Spatial Filter System

Obstruction Diameter Pinhole Diameter





Close-Up Photo of an Obstruction Pinhole OD: Obstruction Diameter PD: Pinhole Diameter

These annular apertures are often used in confocal and two-photon excitation microscopy to increase the lateral resolution of the imaging system or in confocal theta fluorescence microscopy to increase the lateral and axial resolution of the imaging system.

Shown to the right is a close up photo of an obstruction pinhole with the pinhole diameter (PD) and obstruction diameter (OD) labeled. The chrome-masked area appears black, and light is transmitted through the clear aperture.

Concentricity

Item #	ε Ratio ^a	Obstruction Diameter	Pinhole Diameter	with Respect to Housing ^b	with Respect to Substrate ^c	Glass Thickness
R1CA50	.	42.5 μm	50 µm	<0.41 mm	≤216 µm	0.5 mm
R1CA100		85 µm	100 µm			
R1CA200		170 µm	200 µm			
R1CA300		255 μm	300 µm			
R1CA1000		850 μm	1000 µm			
R1CA2000		1700 μm	2000 µm			



The R1CA50, R1CA100,

R1CA200, and R1CA300 will be retired without replacement when stock is depleted. If you require these parts for line production, please contact our OEM Team.

- a. Ratio of the Obstruction Diameter to the Pinhole Diameter (See Photo to the Above Right)
- b. Concentricity of the Annulus with Respect to the Outer Diameter of the Quartz Glass Substrate
- c. Concentricity of the Annulus with Respect to the Outer Diameter of the Aluminum Housing

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
R1CA50	Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.85, Ø42.5 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today
R1CA100	Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.85, Ø85 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today
R1CA200	Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.85, Ø170 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today
R1CA300	Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.85, Ø255 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today
R1CA1000	Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.85, Ø850 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today
R1CA2000	Customer Inspired! Annular Obstruction Target, ε = 0.85, Ø1700 μm Obstruction	\$160.74	Today